#### **DEVENS ENTERPRISE COMMISSION**

Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

(With Accountants' Report Thereon)

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - DEVENS ENTERPRISE COMMISSION

Board of Directors Devens Enterprise Commission 33 Andrews Parkway Devens, Massachusetts 01434

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the Statement of Net Position of the Devens Enterprise Commission as of June 30, 2016 and the Statements of Revenues Expenses and Changes in Net Position and Cash Flows for the year ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence, about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Devens Enterprise Commission, as of June 30, 2016 and the results of its operations and its cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the retirement system schedules listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although

not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Giusti, Hingston and Company

Giusti, Hingston and Company Certified Public Accountants Georgetown, Massachusetts November 15, 2016

#### Devens Enterprise Commission Management's Discussion and Analysis Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2016

As management of the Devens Enterprise Commission, we offer readers of these financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Devens Enterprise Commission for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The assets of the Devens Enterprise Commission exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$1,532,832 (*net position*).
- $\triangleright$  The Commission's total net position increased by (\$35,947) or (2.4%).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the balance in the unrestricted net position account was \$1,519,728, or 257.4% of total expenses.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

The discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction of the Devens Enterprise Commission's basic financial statements.

**Proprietary funds.** The Devens Enterprise Commission maintains one proprietary (enterprise) fund type. The Devens Enterprise Commission was established to expedite and regulate the orderly conversion and redevelopment of Fort Devens to non military uses in compliance with the Devens Reuse Plan.

#### **Financial Analysis**

#### **Net Position**

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The following table reflects the condensed net position for the past two fiscal years.

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>		
Current Assets	\$ 1,598,507	\$ 1,648,599		
Capital Assets	 3,104			
Total Assets	1,601,611	1,648,599		

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Current Liabilities	64,699	148,515
Noncurrent Liabilities	 4,080	3,199
Total Liabilities	68,779	151,714
Net Position:		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	3,104	-
Restricted	10,000	10,000
Unrestricted	 1,519,728	1,486,885
Total Net Position	\$ 1,532,832	\$ 1,496,885

The net position of Devens Enterprise Commission increased by \$35,947 or 2.4%.

#### **Changes in Net Position**

The following condensed financial information was derived from the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. It reflects how the entity's net position has changed during the fiscal year.

Revenues	s <u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>
Permits and Other Fees	\$	447,044	\$ 367,270
Taxes		112,905	102,285
Miscellaneous		602	-
Intergovernmental		59,783	23,931
Earnings on Investments		6,020	4,595
<b>Total Revenues</b>	626,354		498,081
Expenses			
Personnel		272,157	253,889
Non Personnel		318,011	504,601
Depreciation		239	658
Total Expenses		590,407	759,148
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$	35,947	\$ (261,067)

#### **Tax Revenues**

Beginning in fiscal year 1995, the Commonwealth of Massachusetts provided grant revenues to the Commission to help fund operations. The grants were continued through fiscal year 1998. From fiscal year 1998 through fiscal year 2004, the Commission's only source of revenue was permit fees. Starting in fiscal year 2005, the Commission began receiving 2% of all Devens related tax revenue received by the Massachusetts Development Finance Agency (MassDevelopment).

#### Financial Analysis of the Commission's Funds

#### **Proprietary Fund**

**Enterprise Fund** – The June 30, 2016 year-end net position of the Commission was \$35,947 more than the prior year's net position. In fiscal year 2015, the net position decreased by \$261,067.

The following table reflects the trend in all the components of net position for the past ten years.

Fiscal Year	Total Net Assets	As of 1	ested in apital sets Net Related Debt	Da	estricted	Tī	nrestricted
riscai i eai	Assets	Debt		Ke	sti icteu	<u>U1</u>	<u>ii esti icteu</u>
2016	\$ 1,532,832	\$	3,104	\$	10,000	\$	1,519,728
2015	1,496,885		-		10,000		1,486,885
2014	1,757,952		658		10,000		1,747,294
2013	1,380,690		4,607		10,000		1,366,083
2012	1,199,058		8,555		-		1,190,503
2011	1,391,962		-		-		1,391,962
2010	1,685,476		-		-		1,685,476
2009	1,858,982		-		-		1,858,982
2008	1,600,362		285		-		1,600,077
2007	375,356		2,056		-		373,300

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

**Capital assets.** The Devens Enterprise Commission's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2016, amounts to \$3,104 (net of accumulated depreciation). The investment in capital assets includes office equipment, a web page and an Eco Star manual.

#### **Debt**

Currently, the Commission does not have any long term or short term debt.

#### Fiscal Year 2017 Budget

The Commission's fiscal year 2017 budget will be \$659,892. This represents a decrease of \$24,421 from the 2016 budget. The decrease largely relates to the end of the Devens Enterprise Commissions project to digitize its records and other minor changes in the Special Projects budget category.

### Devens Enterprise Commission Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2016

	<b>Enterprise</b>			
Assets				
Current:				
Cash	\$ 1,588,324			
Accounts Receivable:				
Miscellaneous	250			
Pass Through Receivable	6,440			
Prepaid Expenses	3,493			
Noncurrent:				
Fixed Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)	3,104			
Total Assets	1,601,611			
Liabilities				
Current:				
Accounts Payable	10,660			
Wages Payable	32,772			
Due to Devens Eco-Efficiency Center				
Pass Through Payable	15,042			
Guarantee Deposit	500			
Other Liabilities	5,725			
Noncurrent:				
Compensated Absences	4,080			
Total Liabilities	68,779			
Net Position				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	3,104			
Restricted	10,000			
Unrestricted	1,519,728			
Total Net Position	\$ 1,532,832			

### Devens Enterprise Commission Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	<u>Enterprise</u>			
Operating Revenues:				
Permits and Other Fees	\$	447,044		
Taxes		112,905		
Intergovernmental		59,783		
Miscellaneous Income		602		
Total Operating Revenues		620,334		
Operating Expenses:				
Personnel Services		272,157		
Consulting Services		2,063		
Contracted Services		87,595		
Insurance		14,051		
Employee Benefits		36,037		
Other Operations		43,482		
Pension Expense		59,783		
Depreciation		239		
Total Operating Expenses		515,407		
Operating Income		104,927		
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):				
Funding Devens Eco-Efficiency Center		(75,000)		
Earnings on Investments		6,020		
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		(68,980)		
Changes in Net Position		35,947		
Total Net Position, July 1, 2015		1,496,885		
Total Net Position, June 30, 2016	\$	1,532,832		

### Devens Enterprise Commission Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Receipts from Customers and MassDevelopment	\$	563,896
Payments to Employees		(264,472)
Payments to Return Guarantee Deposits		500
Payments to Vendors		(274,730)
Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		25,194
Cash Flows from Non Capital Related Financing Activities:		
Funding to Devens Eco-Efficiency Center		(75,000)
Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Non Capital Related		_
Financing Activities		(75,000)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:		
Acquisition of Capital Assets		(3,343)
Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Capital and Related		
Financing Activities		(3,343)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Earnings on Investments		6,020
Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		6,020
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(47,129)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1, 2015		1,635,453
Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30, 2016	\$	1,588,324
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	104,927
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to		
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:		
Depreciation Expense		239
Decrease (Increase) in Accounts Receivable		3,345
Decrease (Increase) in Prepaid Expenses		(382)
Increase (Decrease) in Other Liabilities		(70,399)
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences Payable		881
Increase (Decrease) in Guarantee Deposits Payable		500
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Wages Payable	<u> </u>	(13,917)
Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities	\$	25,194

#### Devens Enterprise Commission Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

#### 1. Reporting Entity

The Devens Enterprise Commission's general purpose financial statements include the operations of all organizations for which the Board of Directors exercises oversight responsibility. Oversight responsibility is demonstrated by financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters.

Based on the aforementioned oversight criteria, the Devens Enterprise Commission was the only entity included in the accompanying general purpose financial statements.

#### 2. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The accounting policies for financial reporting purposes of the Devens Enterprise Commission conform to generally accepted accounting principles for local governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies:

#### A. Fund Accounting

The Commission reports its financial activities in one proprietary fund type in order to comply with the limitations and restrictions placed on both the resources available and the services provided.

This fund is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis are financed or recovered primarily through user charges or fees. The Commission receives a percentage (2%) of the tax revenue collected by the Massachusetts Development Finance Agency.

#### B. Basis of Accounting

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared and presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned and expenses are recognized when the related liability is incurred.

#### Revenue Recognition

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement #33, fees charged for permits are considered revenue when they are earned.

#### **Expenses**

Expenses are reported when the related liability has been incurred.

#### 3. Pension Plan

#### A. <u>Plan Description</u>

#### **Special Funding Situation**

Certain employees of the Commission are members of the Massachusetts State Employees' Retirement System (MSERS), a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Commonwealth. The MSERS financial information is included in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts' Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) as a trust fund in the fiduciary type. The CAFR includes financial statements and the required supplementary information. In addition, a separate report of the audited Schedules of Employer and Nonemployer Allocations is issued. Those reports may be obtained by writing to the State Retirement Board, 1 Ashburton Place, 12<sup>th</sup> Floor, Room 219, Boston, MA 02108.

Pension benefits and administrative expenses paid by the MSERS are the legal responsibility of the Commonwealth. This legal requirement constitutes a Special Funding Situation under Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement #68. The Commonwealth of Massachusetts is responsible for 100% of the Devens Enterprise Commission's share (\$534,624) of the net pension liability.

#### B. <u>Benefits</u> Provided

MSERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits to members and their beneficiaries. Massachusetts General Laws (MGL) establishes uniform benefit and contribution requirement for all contributory Public Employee Retirement Systems. These requirements provide for superannuation retirement allowance benefits up to a maximum of 80% of a member's highest three-year average annual rate of regular compensation. For employees hired after April 1, 2012, retirement allowances are calculated on the basis of the last five years or any five consecutive years, whichever is greater in terms of compensation. Benefit payments are based upon a member's age, length of creditable service, and group creditable service, and group classification. The authority for amending these provisions rests with the Legislature.

Members become vested after ten years of creditable service. A superannuation retirement allowance may be received upon the completion of twenty years of creditable service or upon reaching the age of 55 with ten years of service. Normal retirement for most employees occurs at age 65; for certain hazardous duty and public safety positions, normal retirement is at age 55. Most employees who joined the system after April 1, 2012 cannot retire prior to age 60.

The MSERS' funding policies have been established by Chapter 32 of the MGL. The Legislature has the authority to amend these policies. The annuity portion of the MSERS retirement allowance is funded by employees, who contribute a percentage of their regular compensation. Costs of administering the plan are funded out of plan assets.

Member contributions for MSERS vary depending on the most recent date of membership:

Hire Date	% of Compensation
Prior to 1975	5% of regular compensation
1975 - 1983	7% of regular compensation
1984 to 6/30/1996	8% of regular compensation
7/1/96 to present	9% of regular compensation
1979 to present	an additional 2% of regular compensation
	in excess of \$30,000

#### B. <u>Proportionate Share of the Pension Expense</u>

The Commission's proportionate share of the pension expense for fiscal year 2016 was \$59,783. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board, Statement #68, the financial statements recognize that amount as an intergovernmental revenue and a pension expense. The recognition of these amounts does not change operating income or net position.

#### 4. Cash and Investments

#### A. Deposits

#### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Commission's deposits may not be returned to it. The Commission does not have a formal deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2017, none of the Commissions' bank balance of \$1,476,398 was exposed to credit risk.

#### Investments

As of June 30, 2016, the Commission had \$229,827 invested in the State Treasurer's Investment Pool (Massachusetts Municipal Depository Trust).

#### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Commission does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

#### Credit Rate Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Commission does not have a formal policy relating to credit risk.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

<u>Assets</u>

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The Commission does not have a formal policy that limits the amount it may invest in a single issuer.

#### B. Capital Assets

Capital assets (office equipment) are reported in the accompanying financial statements. The Commission, also, reported assets for its web page and EcoStar manual. Such assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that does not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives is not capitalized.

Depreciation and amortization are charged using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives.

**Years** 

3,104 \$

3,104

	Office Equipment		5-7				
	Web Page		3				
	Eco Star Manual		3				
			eginning Balance	<u>Ad</u>	<u>ditions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	Ending Balance
Assets Being Depreciated	or Amortized:						
Office Equipment		\$	23,347	\$	3,343	\$ (11,501)	\$ 15,189
Web Page			15,507		-	_	15,507
EcoStar Manual			7,200				7,200
Total Capital Assets Being	g Depreciated	_	46,054		3,343	(11,501)	 37,896
Less Accumulated Depred	ciation and Amortization for:						
Office Equipment			23,347		239	(11,501)	12,085
Web Page			15,507		-	-	15,507
EcoStar Manual			7,200				 7,200
Total Accumulated Depre	ciation		46,054		239	(11,501)	 34,792

#### 5. Tax Revenues and Cash Reserve Guarantee

Total Fixed Assets, Net

In addition to revenues from permits, the Devens Enterprise Commission (DEC) is entitled to an amount of money that is equal to two percent (2%) of the total of all taxes and all General Management Service fees received by the Massachusetts Development Finance

Agency (the Agency) for a fiscal year in accordance with the "Tax Plan for the Devens Enterprise Zone". Taxes include property taxes, motor vehicle excise taxes, local option room occupancy taxes and other taxes that may be included in the plan. Such monies will be paid to the DEC not later than December 31 of the following fiscal year.

As of March 31 of any given year, if the DEC's cash reserve is forecast by the DEC to fall below \$250,000 by June 30 of that year, the Agency shall pay to the DEC an amount of money sufficient to restore the cash reserve to a balance of \$250,000. Said amount is to be paid on or before July 31 of that year.

#### 6. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

#### A. Vacation Leave

Full time employees earn paid vacation time in accordance with the following schedule:

Less than 5 years employment	10 days
After 5 years employment	15 days
After 10 years employment	20 days
After 15 years employment	25 days

Employees earn 1/12 of their annual vacation allowance for each full month worked. All employees must use at least 50% of their annual vacation time. A maximum of ten (10) days unused vacation time may be carried over to the next fiscal year. When an employee terminates, he/she will be compensated for their earned but unused vacation allowance. The liability for accumulated compensated absences is reported in the accompanying financial statements.

#### B. Sick Leave

Employees are granted fifteen (15) days of sick leave every July 1st. Sick leave can accumulate up to sixty (60) days. Upon termination, unused sick leave is not "bought back" by the Commission. As a result an accumulated sick leave liability is not reported.

#### 7. Related Party Transactions

The Devens Enterprise Commission entered into related party transactions with the Devens Eco-Efficiency Center, Inc. (a nonprofit organization). The Executive Director of the Commission is the President of the Devens Eco-Efficiency Center, Inc. (D.E.E.C.). In addition, two members of the Commission's Board of Directors, also serve as members for the D.E.E.C. The Commission provided the D.E.E.C. with funding in the amount of \$75,000. In addition, the Commission donated a capital asset with a \$788 acquisition value.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Devens Enterprise Commission's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability Massachusetts State Employees' Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years

		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>	2014	<u>2013</u>	2012	2011	<u>2010</u>	2009	2008	2007
Commission's proportionate share of the collective pension liability		0.00%		0.00%	(Historical i	information p	rior to imple	mentation o	f GASB 67/6	8 is not requ	uired)	
Commission's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$	-	\$	-								
State's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability (asset) associated with Commission (\$)	\$	534,624	\$	336,532								
Total	\$	534,624	\$	336,532								
Commission's covered-employee payroll	Not Available		Not	Available								
Commission's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0.00%		0.00%								
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the pension liability		67.87%		76.32%								
Commission's expense and revenue recognized for Commonwealth support	\$	59,783	\$	23,931	:							

**See Notes to the Required Supplementary Information** 

# Devens Enterprise Commission Notes to the Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2016

#### A. Pension Plans

#### **Special Funding Situation**

Certain employees of the Commission are members of the Massachusetts State Employees' Retirement System (MSERS), a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Commonwealth. The MSERS financial information is included in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts' Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) as a trust fund in the fiduciary type. The CAFR includes financial statements and the required supplementary information. In addition, a separate report of the audited Schedules of Employer and Nonemployer Allocations is issued. Those reports may be obtained by writing to the State Retirement Board, 1 Ashburton Place, 12<sup>th</sup> Floor, Room 219, Boston, MA 02108.

Pension benefits and administrative expenses paid by the MSERS are the legal responsibility of the Commonwealth. This legal requirement constitutes a Special Funding Situation under Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement #68. The Commonwealth of Massachusetts is responsible for 100% of the Devens Enterprise Commission's share (\$534,624) of the net pension liability.

#### Benefits Provided

MSERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits to members and their beneficiaries. Massachusetts General Laws (MGL) establishes uniform benefit and contribution requirement for all contributory Public Employee Retirement Systems. These requirements provide for superannuation retirement allowance benefits up to a maximum of 80% of a member's highest three-year average annual rate of regular compensation. For employees hired after April 1, 2012, retirement allowances are calculated on the basis of the last five years or any five consecutive years, whichever is greater in terms of compensation. Benefit payments are based upon a member's age, length of creditable service, and group creditable service, and group classification. The authority for amending these provisions rests with the Legislature.

Members become vested after ten years of creditable service. A superannuation retirement allowance may be received upon the completion of twenty years of creditable service or upon reaching the age of 55 with ten years of service. Normal retirement for most employees occurs at age 65; for certain hazardous duty and public safety positions, normal retirement is at age 55. Most employees who joined the system after April 1, 2012 cannot retire prior to age 60.

The MSERS' funding policies have been established by Chapter 32 of the MGL. The Legislature has the authority to amend these policies. The annuity portion of the MSERS retirement allowance is funded by employees, who contribute a percentage of their regular compensation. Costs of administering the plan are funded out of plan assets.

## B. <u>Schedule of Commission's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension</u> <u>Liability - Massachusetts Employees' Retirement System</u>

Since the Commonwealth of Massachusetts is statutorily responsible for 100% of the actuarially determined employer contribution, the Commission has a special funding situation. Therefore, the Commission does not recognize a net pension liability. This schedule provides information about the state's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability associated with the Commission and the plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability. It, also, details the Commission's revenue and expense recognized from the Commonwealth's support. As more information becomes available, this will be a ten year schedule.